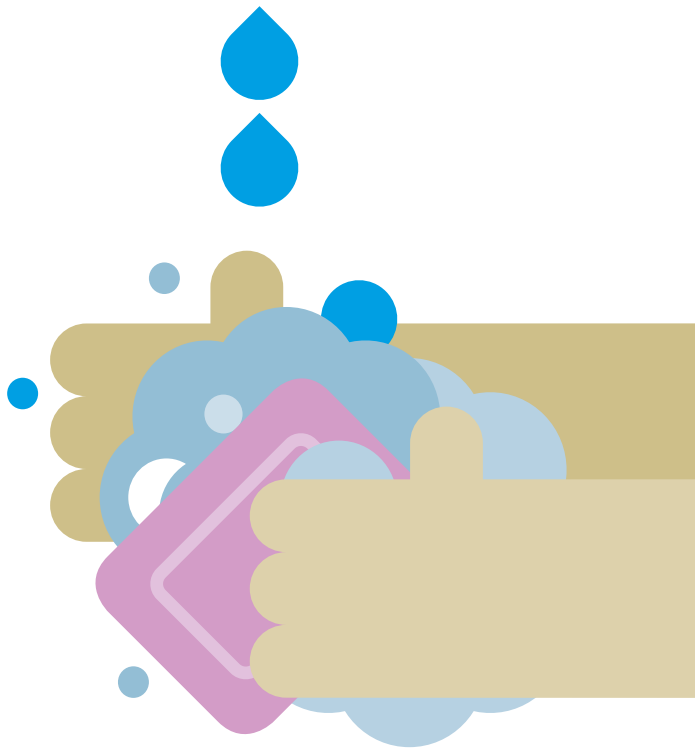


Handwashing with soap



20 seconds

Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of
infection in field work

Frequently wash both hands
with soap and water for at least
20 seconds:

- Before and after work.
- Before eating and touching your face and nose.
- After using the toilet or touching dirt, dust, fluids and frequently touched surfaces.



WATER
RESILIENCE
COALITION



 **WaterAid**

Respiratory hygiene



Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of infection in field work

- Cover your nose and mouth when you cough or sneeze.
- Use a tissue and dispose of it in a closed bin, or sneeze into your elbow. Then wash your hands with soap.
- Wear a mask in public.

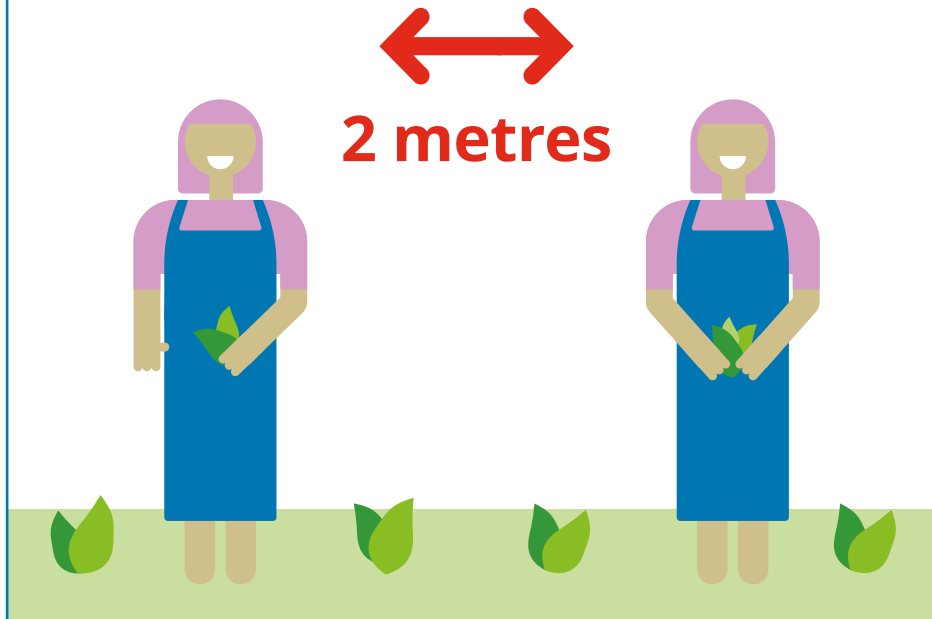


WATER
RESILIENCE
COALITION



 **WaterAid**

Physical distancing



Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of infection in field work

- Avoid close contact.
- Maintain at least 2m distance when working in fields and factories (on the production line and in the canteen).
- Avoid group gatherings, stagger lunchtimes.
- Use non-contact greetings.

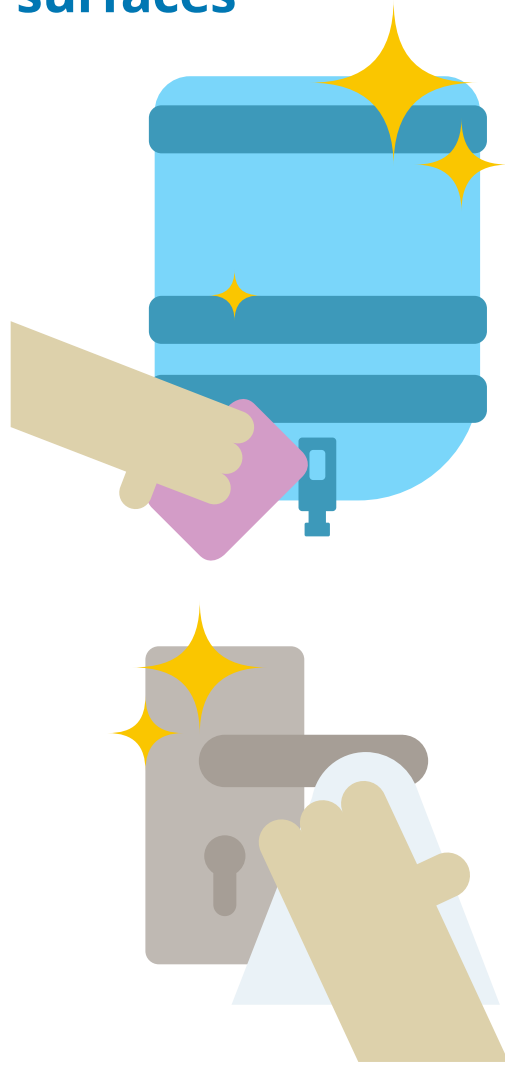


WATER
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Clean surfaces



Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of
infection in field work

Regularly clean sanitation facilities
and frequently touched surfaces
with disinfectant including door
handles, mobile phones, hand rails,
toilets, taps and drinking fountains.



WATER
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Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of
infection in field work



- If you feel unwell, stay at home.
- If at work, go to a designated isolation room and notify a manager. Seek immediate medical attention.



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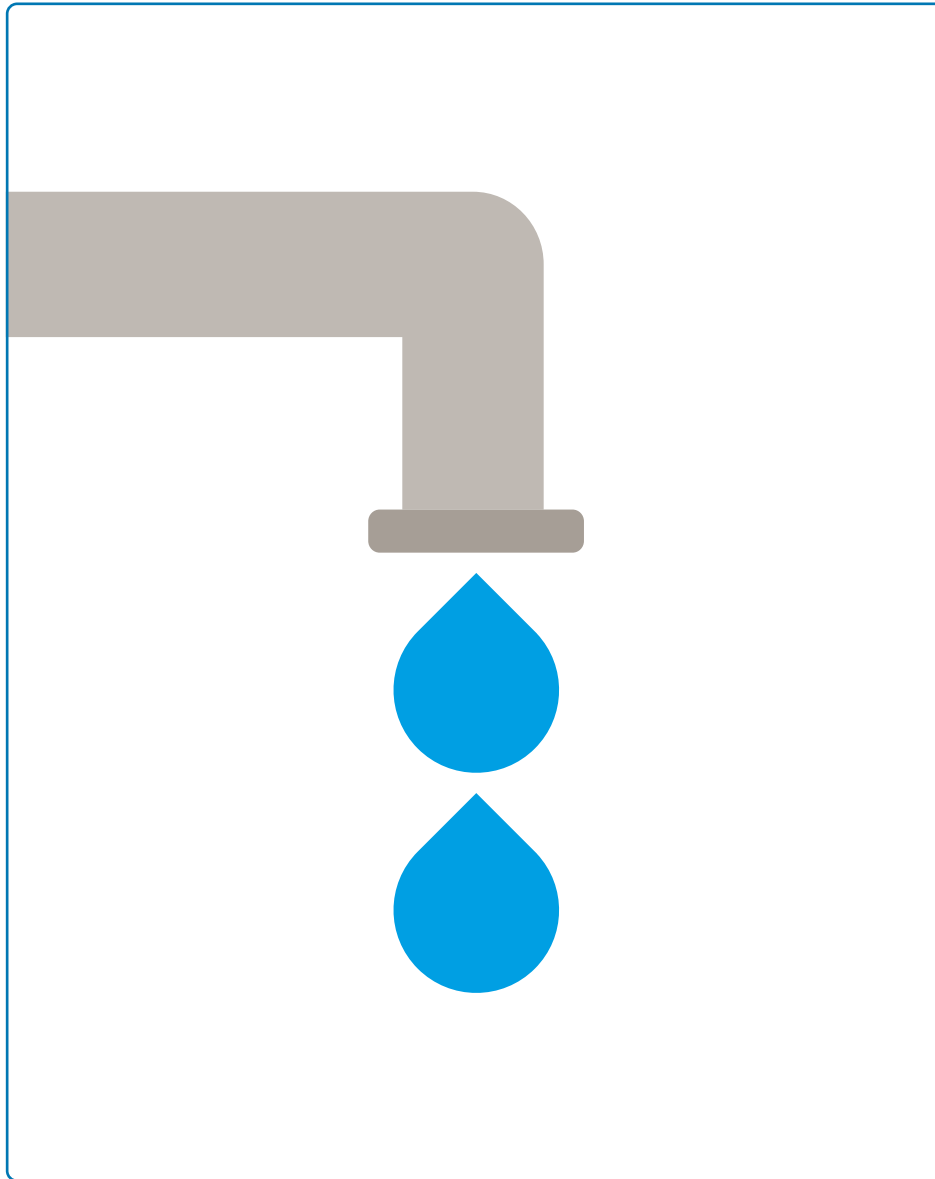


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Coronavirus (COVID-19)

How to reduce the risk of
infection in field work

- Treated water is safe to drink.
- Only drink treated water.
- Do not share water bottles or cups with others.



WATER
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